

## **MULTI-COLOR TYPE LED**

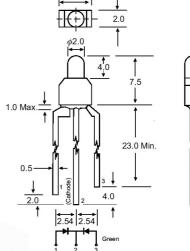
Package Dimensions

## Features

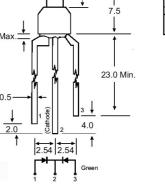
- High intensity
- Wide viewing angle
- General purpose leads
- Reliable and rugged

## Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25°C

Parameter	Max.	Unit	
Power Dissipation	100	mW	
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	100	mA	
Continuous Forward Current	40	mA	
Derating Linear From 50 $^{\circ}$ C	0.4	mA / °C	
Reverse Voltage	5	V	
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to +80°C		
Storage Temperature Range	-40°C to +80°C		
Lead Soldering Temperature [4mm(.157") From Body]	260 $^\circ\!\!\mathbb{C}$ for 5 Seconds		



Red, Hi-Eff Red. Yellow



Notes:

All dimensions are in millimeters (inches). 1.

2. Protruded resin under flange is 1.0mm (.04") max.

3. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.

4. Specifications are subject to change without notice. Unit: mm (inches)

Tolerance: ± 0.25mm (.010") max.

Part No.	Emitting Color	Lens Color	Peak Wavelength λp (nm)	Vf (V) I <sub>f</sub> = 20mA (Note E1)	Iv (mcd) (Note E2)	Viewing Angle $2\theta_{1/2}$ (Deg) (Note E3)
				Min Typ	Min Typ	
EL-2RG732	Hi-Red	Water Clear	636	1.6 – 2.05	30 – 50	70
	Hi-Green		568	1.7 – 2.2	20 – 40	70
EL-2YG732	Hi-Yellow	Water Clear	588	1.7 – 2.0	25 – 35	70
	Hi- Green		568	1.7 – 2.2	20 – 40	70
EL-2RGU34	Hi-Red	White Diffused	636	1.6 – 2.05	15 – 25	100
	Hi-Green		568	1.7 – 2.2	10 – 20	100
EL-2AGU34	Hi-Orange	White Diffused	610	1.7 – 2.0	18 – 28	100
	Hi- Green		568	1.7 – 2.2	10 – 20	100

Parameter

Luminous Intensity

**Dominant Wavelength** 

Peak Emission Wavelength Viewing Angle Spectral Line Half-Width Forward Voltage Reverse Current

## **Test Condition**

If = 20mA (Note E1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve.)

 $I_f = 20$ mA (Note E2: The dominant wavelength ( $\lambda d$ ) is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.)

 $I_f = 20 \text{mA}$ 

(Note E3.  $\theta_{1/2}$  is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.)

 $I_f = 20 \text{mA}$ 

 $I_f = 20mA$