MEGA-BRIGHT TYPE LED

Features

- High intensity
- Wide viewing angle
- General purpose leads
- Reliable and rugged

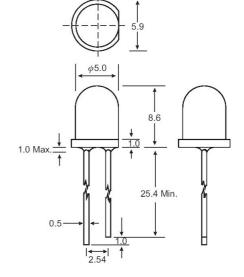
Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25℃

Absolute Maximum Natings at 1a-25 C							
Parameter	Max.	Unit					
Power Dissipation	100	mW					
Peak Forward Current	100	mA					
(1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	100	IIIA					
Continuous Forward Current	40	mA					
Derating Linear From 50°C	0.4	mA / °C					
Reverse Voltage	5	V					
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to +80°C						
Storage Temperature Range	-40°C to +80°C						
Lead Soldering Temperature	260°C for 5 Seconds						
[4mm(.157") From Body]							

Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Protruded resin under flange is 1.0mm (.04") max.
- 3. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
- 4. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Package Dimensions



Unit: mm (inches)

Tolerance: ±0.25mm (.010") max

Part No.	Emitted Color	Lens Color	Peak Wavelength λp (nm)	Vf (V) I _f = 20mA (Note E1) Min Typ	lv (mcd) (Note E2) Min Typ	Viewing Angle $2\theta_{1/2}$ (Deg) (Note E3)
EL-5AR252	Ultra-Amber Red	Water Clear	645	1.8 – 2.3	4500 – 9000	18
EL-5SY252	Ultra-Yellow	Water Clear	596	1.8 – 2.25	6000 – 12000	18
EL-5PG252	Ultra-Pure Green	Water Clear	525	2.8 – 3.6	2300 – 5500	18
EL-5BG252	Ultra-Bluish Green	Water Clear	508	2.8 – 3.6	4500 – 6500	18
EL-5B252	Ultra-Blue	Water Clear	470	2.8 – 3.6	1500 – 2500	18
EL-5B242	Super-Blue	Water Clear	468	2.8 – 3.6	1000 – 1500	18
EL-5W252	Ultra-White	Water Clear	X-0.28, Y-0.28	2.8 – 3.6	1500 – 7000	18
EL-5W654	Ultra-White	White Diffused	X-0.28, Y-0.28	2.8 – 3.6	1200 – 2500	60

Parameter Test Condition

 $\label{eq:local_$

the CIE eye-response curve.)

Dominant Wavelength $I_f = 20 \text{mA}$ (Note E2: The dominant wavelength (λd) is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents

the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.)

Peak Emission Wavelength $I_f = 20 \text{mA}$

Viewing Angle (Note E3. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.)

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Spectral Line Half-Width} & \mbox{I}_f = 20\mbox{mA} \\ \mbox{Forward Voltage} & \mbox{I}_f = 20\mbox{mA} \\ \mbox{Reverse Current} & \mbox{I}_f = 20\mbox{mA} \\ \end{array}$